

Johan ter Beest | 21-02-2023 | Routing Working Group

Using RIPE Atlas to detect routing issues



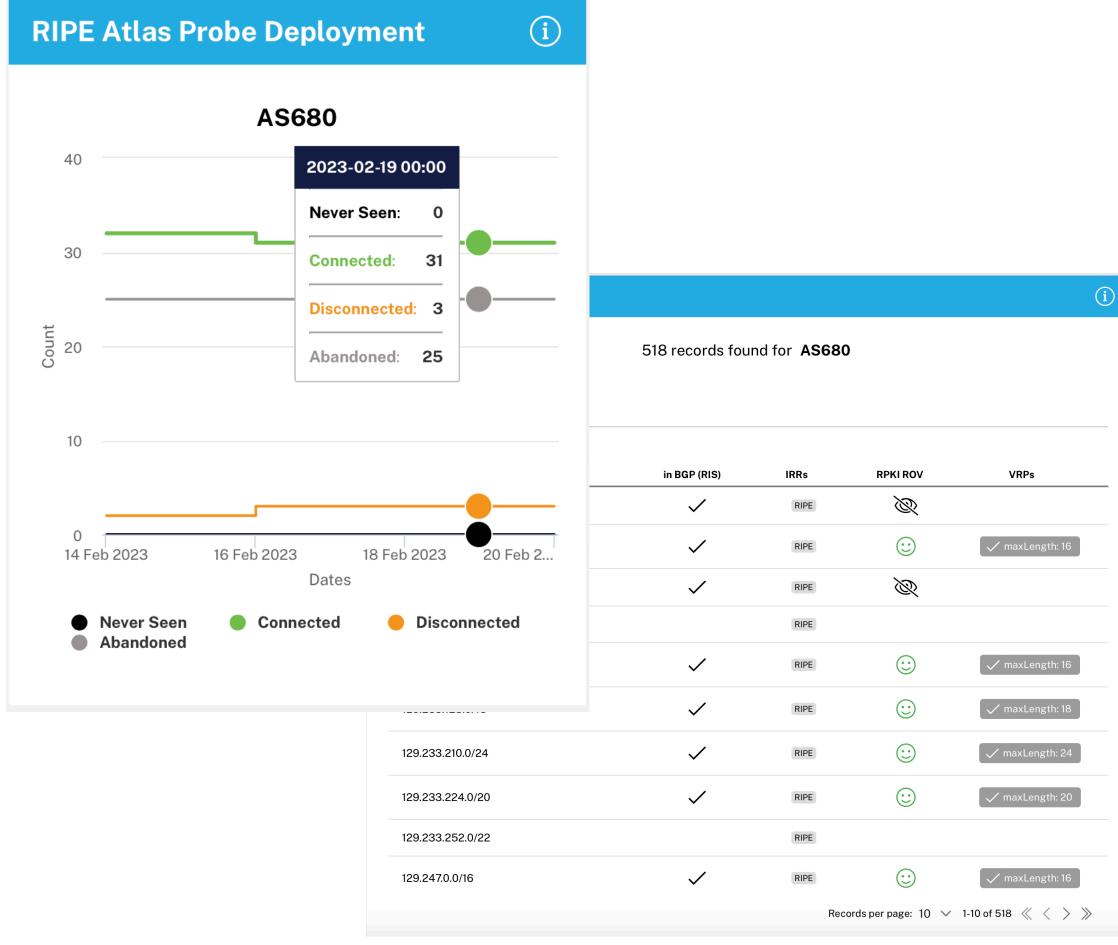


Other Tools

RIPEstat

- We can use it for result enrichment:
 - AS lookups
 - RPKI information
 - Looking glass
 - Atlas probe deployment info





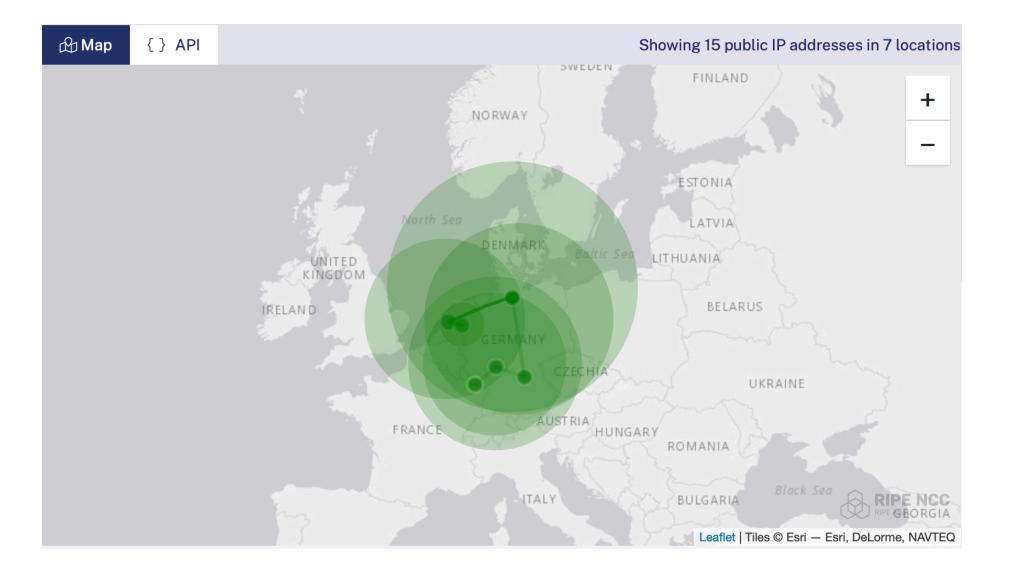
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IPMap

- We can use it for geo lookups for middle boxes
 - Uses RIPE Atlas under the hood
- Database of hostnames
- Geographic path visualisations
- API can do geo lookups for (yet) unknown locations

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| 🖓 Мар | { | Showing 15 public IP addresses in 7 locations | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| SAARBRUECKEN-DE-09-U0UBPD82U9S9U29P360M | | | |
| { | | | |
| "id": "SAARBRUECKEN-DE-09-U0UBPD82U9S9U29P360M", | | | |
| | "type": "city", | | |
| | "cityName": "Saarbrücken", | ESTONIA | |
| | "iataCode": "SCN", | | |
| 1 | "latitude": 49.23262, | | |
| 1 | "geonameId": 2842647, | | |
| 1 | "longitude": 7.00982, | BELARUS | |
| 1 | "stateName": "Saarland", | | |
| 1 | "countryName": "Germany", | | |
| 1 | "stateIsoCode": "DE-SL", | | |
| 1 | "cityNameAscii": "Saarbruecken", | | |
| "pointGeometry": "0101000020E61000000B630B410E0A1C40A032FE7DC69D4840", | | | |
| 1 | "stateAnsiCode": "09", | ROMANIA | |
| | "cityPopulation": 179349, | Black Sea | |
| | "countryCodeAlpha2": "DE", | | |
| | "countryCodeAlpha3": "DEU" | Leaflet Tiles © Esri — Esri, DeLorme, NAVTEQ | |



RIS & RIS Live

- We can use it to get real time routing information
- We can use RIS directly or through one of the various other tools that use it
 - Internet Health Report
 - BGPAlerter

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Routing Information Service (RIS)



```
Python
Javascript
```

```
.....
Subscribe to a RIS Live stream and output every message
to stdout.
```

```
IMPORTANT: this example requires 'websocket-client' for
Python 2 or 3.
```

```
If you use the 'websockets' package instead (Python 3
only) you will need to change the code because it has a
somewhat different API.
.....
```

```
import json
import websocket
```

```
ws = websocket.WebSocket()
ws.connect("wss://ris-live.ripe.net/v1/ws/?client=py-exam
ple-1")
params = \{
    "moreSpecific": True,
    "host": "rrc21",
    "socketOptions": {
         "includeRaw": True
ws.send(json.dumps({
         "type": "ris_subscribe",
        "data": params
}))
for data in ws:
    parsed = json.loads(data)
    print(parsed["type"], parsed["data"])
```

What do we need? Requirements if we want to use RIPE Atlas to help with routing issues



Anchor or Probe deployment

- At minimum we need 1 anchor or probe in every AS in your network
 - We need a list of all ASN's in the network
 - Some universities have an anchor but it's in an AS that is not on my list
- Every physical location needs a probe
 - Geographical location is used in the sense of a datacenter or university



Current situation

- We have 11 anchors in the network
 - Most are in Germany -
 - Only 2 are not in Europe
 - We had 2 anchors outside of Europe but they stopped hosting them
- We have 166 connected probes in the network
 - These probes cover 25 unique ASN's -
 - I currently know of 73 ASN's in the network so we cover roughly $\frac{1}{3}$
- We also see 215 disconnected or abandoned probes
 - Those probes cover only 4 additional ASN's

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What do we want to solve?

Problem Statement

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- The IRNC network consists of multiple (national) NREN networks spanning various ASN's
- Traffic between the NREN networks should follow a path within this network, ie do not use commodity networks
- Traffic should follow the most efficient path
- Can we find out if IPv4 and IPv6 follow the same paths?







RIPE Atlas Traceroutes

- We have different types of trace route measurements
 - ICMP
 - UDP
 - TCP
- Results from different types do not match up properly
- Due to configuration issues with middle boxes, reverse trace routes may not show the same information as the forward path
- As a result, it's very hard to properly match forward and reverse paths, even just on the AS level





Things we can do

- A special type of traceroute where we automatically schedule both the forward and the reverse measurement
 - Can only work on measurements between probes or anchors
 - Officially, you can not schedule a measurement towards a probe
- We can use IPmap to visualise these traceroutes
- We can use RIPEstat to enrich the results with AS info and possibly more



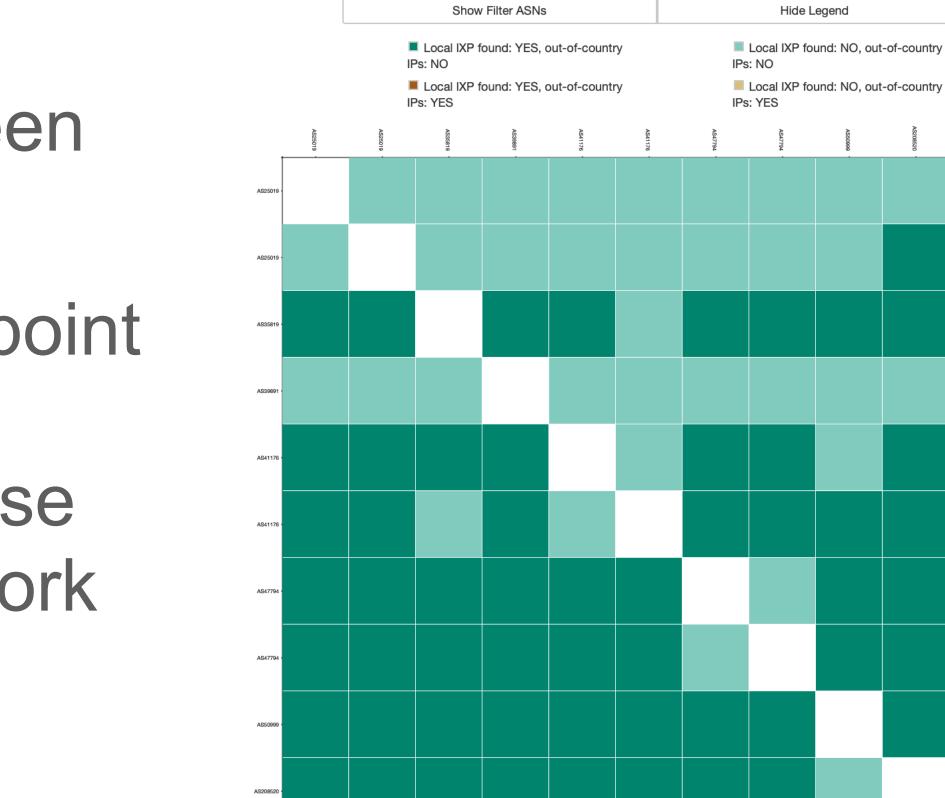


IXP Country Jedi

- A tool to visualise paths between probes in the same country
- We can use this as a starting point but instead of paths between probes in a country, we visualise paths of probes in an AS network









What I will do

- Collect data using measurements between the probes we currently have
 - Use ICMP, UDP and TCP to compare differences -
- With the help of our researchers, try to come up with an algorithm to detect asymmetrical routes
 - Several papers described different approaches, often using Atlas but nothing yet is fool proof
- We will share the outcome of this with the Routing Working Group to see if it's useful to expand the prototype and get more probes into the missing ASN's

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Questions

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